Canberra Convention Bureau Incorporated ABN: 76 916 480 704

Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

ABN: 76 916 480 704

Contents

For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

| | Page |
|---|------|
| Financial Statements | |
| Directors' Report | 1 |
| Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 60-40 of the Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 | , |
| Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income | 2 |
| Statement of Financial Position | 3 |
| | 4 |
| Statement of Changes in Equity | 5 |
| Statement of Cash Flows | 6 |
| Notes to the Financial Statements | 7 |
| Responsible Persons' Declaration | , |
| | 23 |
| Independent Audit Report | 24 |

ABN: 76 916 480 704

Directors' Report

For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

The directors present their report on Canberra Convention Bureau Incorporated for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

General information

Directors

The names of the directors in office at any time during, or since the end of, the year are:

Names

Jure Domazet (Chair)

Stephen Wood (Deputy Chair)

Rob Stefanic (Treasurer)

Adam Myott

Adriaan Du Plessis

Barry Neame

Daily Mounic

John Russell

Louise Doyle

Michael Thomson

Rien Donkin Sally Wheeler Doma Group

National Convention Centre Canberra

Department of Parliamentary Services at Parliament of Australia

Hyatt Hotel Canberra

Novotel Canberra

Consec Conference Management

Pialligo Estate

National Archives of Australia

Canberra Airport

Iconic Hotels

Australian National University

Appointed: April 2022

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

Principal activities

The principal activity of Canberra Convention Bureau Incorporated during the financial year was to promote Canberra as a convention destination.

No significant changes in the nature of the Company's activity occurred during the financial year.

Operating results

The profit of the Company for the financial year amounted to \$ 116,270(2021; \$ 389,928).

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors:

Director:

Director

Dated

21 OCTOBER 2022



6 Phipps Close Deakin ACT 2600 PO Box 322 Curtin ACT 2605

> T 02 6282 5999 E info@hardwickes.com.au

www.hardwickes.com.au

Hardwickes ABN 35 973 938 183

Hardwickes Partners Pty Ltd ABN 21 008 401 536

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation

Canberra Convention Bureau Incorporated

ABN: 76 916 480 704

Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 60-40 of the Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 to the Responsible Persons of Canberra Convention Bureau Incorporated

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2022, there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in section 60-40 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Haedwickey Hardwickes

Chartered Accountants

Bhaumik Bumia CA Partner

26 OCTOBER 2022

Canberra



ABN: 76 916 480 704

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|---|-------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Note | \$ | \$ |
| Revenue | 4 | 1,724,053 | 1,505,166 |
| Other income | 4 | 49,680 | 387,964 |
| Employee benefits expense | 5 | (1,018,966) | (1,030,646) |
| Depreciation and amortisation expense | 5 | (94,753) | (100,869) |
| Promotion, members and marketing activities | 5 | (340,470) | (152,674) |
| Office operating costs | | (198,381) | (207,972) |
| Interest on lease liabilities | 11(c) _ | (4,893) | (11,041) |
| Profit before income tax | | 116,270 | 389,928 |
| Income tax expense | ^{2(b)} _ | - | |
| Profit for the year | _ | 116,270 | 389,928 |
| Other comprehensive income | _ | • | - |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | = | 116,270 | 389,928 |

ABN: 76 916 480 704

Statement of Financial PositionAs At 30 June 2022

| | Note | 2022 \$ | 2021 \$ |
|-------------------------------|-------------|------------|------------------|
| ASSETS | HOLE | Ψ | Þ |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 6 | 997,014 | 847,686 |
| Trade and other receivables | 7 | - | 6,130 |
| Other financial assets | 8 | 350,000 | 147,902 |
| Other assets | 10 | 57,945 | 59,099 |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | _ | | |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS | _ | 1,404,959 | 1,060,817 |
| Plant and equipment | 9 | 4,355 | 32,390 |
| Right-of-use assets | 11 | 21,874 | 32,390 87,475 |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS | '' - | ··· | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 26,229 | 119,865 |
| TOTAL AGGLIG | | 1,431,188 | 1,180,682 |
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 12 | 93,934 | 75,747 |
| Lease liabilities | 11 | 15,425 | 71,002 |
| Employee benefits | 14 | 119,296 | 65,119 |
| Other financial liabilities | 13 | 161,675 | 13,869 |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | | 390,330 | 225,737 |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Lease liabilities | 11 | 8,551 | 23,976 |
| Employee benefits | 14 | 9,302 | 24,234 |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | 17,853 | 48,210 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 408,183 | 273,947 |
| NET ASSETS | | | |
| | | 1,023,005 | 906,735 |
| EQUITY | | | |
| Retained earnings | | 1,023,005 | 906,735 |
| TOTAL EQUITY | _ | | |
| | _ | 1,023,005 | 906,735 |

ABN: 76 916 480 704

Statement of Changes in Equity

For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

2022

| | Retained | T-4-1 |
|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------|
| | Earnings | Total |
| | <u> </u> | _ \$ |
| Balance at 1 July 2021 | 906,735 | 906,735 |
| Profit for the year | 116,270 | 116,270 |
| Balance at 30 June 2022 | 1,023,005 | 1,023,005 |
| 2021 | | |
| | Retained Earnings | Total |
| | \$ | |
| Palamas et 4 July 2020 | | \$ |
| Balance at 1 July 2020 | 516,807 | 516,807 |
| Profit for the year | 389,928 | 389,928 |
| Balance at 30 June 2021 | 906,735 | 906,735 |

ABN: 76 916 480 704

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|--|-------|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| | Note | \$ | \$ |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | | |
| Receipts from members and other sources | | 793,477 | 850,750 |
| Payments to suppliers and employees | | (1,690,646) | (1,606,267) |
| Interest received | | 607 | 2,592 |
| Interest on lease liabilities | 11(c) | (4,893) | (11,041) |
| Government receipts | . , | 1,325,000 | 1,288,297 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | _ | 423,545 | 524,331 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | | |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment | 9(a) | (1,117) | (64,488) |
| Investment in term deposit | - 1-7 | (202,098) | (147,902) |
| Net cash (used in) investing activities | _ | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| | _ | (203,215) | (212,390) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | | |
| Principal repayments of lease liabilities | 11(d) | (71,002) | (62,845) |
| Net cash (used in) financing activities | | (71,002) | (62,845) |
| Millione | | | |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents held | | 149,328 | 249,096 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | | 847,686 | 598,590 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year | 6 = | 997,014 | 847,686 |

ABN: 76 916 480 704

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

The financial report covers Canberra Convention Bureau Incorporated as an individual entity. Canberra Convention Bureau Incorporated is a not-for-profit Company, registered and domiciled in Australia.

The functional and presentation currency of Canberra Convention Bureau Incorporated is Australian dollars.

Comparatives are consistent with prior years, unless otherwise stated.

1 Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures and the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012.

The entity has adopted AASB 1060: General Purpose Financial Statements — Simplified Disclosures for ForProfit and NotforProfit Tier 2 Entities for the first time this reporting period. The Standard, which sets out a new separate disclosure Standard to be applied by all entities that are reporting under Tier 2 of the Differential Reporting Framework in AASB 1053: Application of Tiers of Australian Accounting, replaces the previous Reduced Disclosure Requirements (RDR) framework. The application of this standard has resulted in reductions in disclosures compared to RDR in Revenue, Leases and Financial Instruments; however has resulted in new and/or increased disclosures in areas such as Audit Fees and Related Parties.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

Significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and are consistent with prior reporting periods unless otherwise stated.

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Revenue and other income

Revenue from contracts with customers

The core principle of AASB 15 is that revenue is recognised on a basis that reflects the transfer of promised goods or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services.

Generally the timing of the payment for sale of goods and rendering of services corresponds closely to the timing of satisfaction of the performance obligations, however where there is a difference, it will result in the recognition of a receivable, contract asset or contract liability.

None of the revenue streams of the Company have any significant financing terms as there is less than 12 months between receipt of funds and satisfaction of performance obligations.

Specific revenue streams

The revenue recognition policies for the principal revenue streams of the Company are:

Membership subscriptions

Revenue from memberships is recognised on a straight-line basis over the relevant financial year reflecting the delivery of performance obligations to members (over time).

ABN: 76 916 480 704

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(a) Revenue and other income (continued)

Specific revenue streams (continued)

Operating grants

When the Bureau receives operating grant revenue, it assesses whether the contract is enforceable and has sufficiently specific performance obligations in accordance to AASB 15:

When both these conditions are satisfied, the Bureau:

- identifies each performance obligation relating to the grant;
- recognises a contract liability for its obligations under the agreement; and
- recognises revenue as it satisfies its performance obligations.

Where the contact is not enforceable or does not have sufficiently specific performance obligations, the Bureau:

- recognises the asset received in accordance with the recognition requirements of the other applicable accounting standards;
- recognises related amounts (being contributions by owners, lease liability, financial instruments, provisions, revenue or contract liability arising from a contract with a customer); and
- recognises income immediately in profit or loss as the differences between the initial carrying amount of the asset and the related amount.

If the contract liability is recognised as a related amount above, the Bureau recognises income in profit or loss when or as it satisfies its obligations under the contract.

Interest received

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method, for floating rate financial assets, is the rate inherent in the instrument.

(b) Income Tax

The Company is exempt from income tax under Division 50 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997.

(c) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of GST.

Cash flows in the statement of cash flows are included on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows

ABN: 76 916 480 704

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(c) Goods and services tax (GST) (continued)

arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as operating cash flows.

(d) Volunteer services

No amounts are included in the financial statements for services donated by volunteers.

(e) Plant and equipment

Each class of plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment.

Items of plant and equipment acquired for significantly less than fair value have been recorded at the acquisition date fair value.

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured using the cost model.

Depreciation

Plant and equipment is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the asset's useful life to the Company, commencing when the asset is ready for use.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable asset are shown below:

Fixed asset class

Depreciation rate

Plant and Equipment

20% to 66.67%

Furniture, Fixtures and Fittings

1.5% to 25%

At the end of each annual reporting period, the depreciation method, useful life and residual value of each asset is reviewed. Any revisions are accounted for prospectively as a change in estimate.

(f) Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised initially on the date that the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

On initial recognition, all financial instruments are measured at fair value plus transaction costs (except for instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss where transaction costs are expensed as incurred).

ABN: 76 916 480 704

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(f) Financial Instruments (continued)

Financial assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Classification

On initial recognition, the Company classifies its financial assets into the following categories, those measured at:

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit or loss FVTPL
- fair value through other comprehensive income equity instrument (FVOCI equity)

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

Amortised cost

The Company's financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position.

Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less provision for impairment.

Interest income and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

Fair value through other comprehensive income

Equity instruments

The Company does not hold any strategic investments in listed and unlisted entities.

Dividends are recognised as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI.

Financial assets through profit or loss

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income as described above are measured at FVTPL.

ABN: 76 916 480 704

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(f) Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets

Impairment of financial assets is recognised on an expected credit loss (ECL) basis for the following assets:

financial assets measured at amortised cost

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial assets has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward looking information.

The Company uses the presumption that an asset which is more than 30 days past due has seen a significant increase in credit risk.

The Company uses the presumption that a financial asset is in default when:

- the other party is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Company in full, without recourse to the Company to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or
- the financial assets is more than 90 days past due.

Credit losses are measured as the present value of the difference between the cash flows due to the Company in accordance with the contract and the cash flows expected to be received. This is applied using a probability weighted approach.

Trade receivables

Impairment of trade receivables have been determined using the simplified approach in AASB 9 which uses an estimation of lifetime expected credit losses. The Company has determined the probability of non-payment of the receivable and multiplied this by the amount of the expected loss arising from default.

The amount of the impairment is recorded in a separate allowance account with the loss being recognised in finance expense. Once the receivable is determined to be uncollectable then the gross carrying amount is written off against the associated allowance.

Where the Company renegotiates the terms of trade receivables due from certain customers, the new expected cash flows are discounted at the original effective interest rate and any resulting difference to the carrying value is recognised in profit or loss.

Other financial assets measured at amortised cost

Impairment of other financial assets measured at amortised cost are determined using the expected credit loss model in AASB 9. On initial recognition of the asset, an estimate of the expected credit losses for the next 12 months is recognised. Where the asset has experienced significant increase in credit risk then the lifetime losses are estimated and recognised.

ABN: 76 916 480 704

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(f) Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities

The Company measures all financial liabilities initially at fair value less transaction costs, subsequently financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

The financial liabilities of the Company comprise trade payables, bank and other loans and lease liabilities.

(g) Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period the Company determines whether there is evidence of an impairment indicator for non-financial assets.

Where an indicator exists and regardless for indefinite life intangible assets and intangible assets not yet available for use, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated.

Where assets do not operate independently of other assets, the recoverable amount of the relevant cash-generating unit (CGU) is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the higher of the fair value less costs of disposal and the value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from an asset or cash-generating unit.

Where the recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Reversal indicators are considered in subsequent periods for all assets which have suffered an impairment loss.

(h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

(i) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a lease exists.

At the lease commencement, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset and associated lease liability for the lease term. The lease term includes extension periods where the Company believes it is reasonably certain that the option will be exercised.

The right-of-use asset is measured using the cost model where cost on initial recognition comprises of the lease liability, initial direct costs, prepaid lease payments, estimated cost of removal and restoration less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the lease term on a straight line basis and assessed for impairment in accordance with the impairment of assets accounting policy.

ABN: 76 916 480 704

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(i) Leases (continued)

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement of the lease. The discount rate is the rate implicit in the lease, however where this cannot be readily determined then the Company's incremental borrowing rate is used.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The lease liability is remeasured whether there is a lease modification, change in estimate of the lease term or index upon which the lease payments are based (e.g. CPI) or a change in the Company's assessment of lease term.

Where the lease liability is remeasured, the right-of-use asset is adjusted to reflect the remeasurement or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

(j) Employee benefits

Provision is made for the Company's liability for employee benefits, those benefits that are expected to be wholly settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled.

Employee benefits expected to be settled more than one year after the end of the reporting period have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. In determining the liability, consideration is given to employee wage increases and the probability that the employee may satisfy vesting requirements. Cashflows are discounted using market yields on high quality corporate bond rates incorporating bonds rated AAA or AA by credit agencies, with terms to maturity that match the expected timing of cashflows. Changes in the measurement of the liability are recognised in profit or loss.

(k) Economic dependence

The Bureau receives significant financial assistance from the ACT Government through Visit Canberra. The ability of the Bureau to maintain its current level of operations is dependent upon the continued financial support from the ACT Government. In October 2020, ACT Labour by way of election commitment and public acknowledgement informed the Bureau that the ACT Government funding of \$5,300,000 has been guaranteed to 30 June 2025 with top up base funding of \$25,000 per annum. Therefore, at the date of this report, the Board has no reason to believe support from the ACT Government will not continue.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(I) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations

The AASB has issued new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods. The Company has decided not to early adopt these Standards. The following table summarises those future requirements, and their impact on the Company where the standard is relevant:

| Standard Name | Effective date for entity | Requirements | Impact |
|--|---------------------------|---|---|
| AASB 2020 1: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non current | 1 July 2023 | The amendment amends AASB 101 to clarify whether a liability should be presented as current or non current. | The amendment is not expected to have a material impact on the financial statements once adopted. |
| AASB 2020 3: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Annual Improvements 2018–2020 and Other Amendments | 1 July 2022 | AASB 2020 3: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Annual Improvements 2018–2020 and Other Amendments is an omnibus standard that amends AASB 1, AASB 3, AASB 9, AASB 116, AASB 137 and AASB 141. | The impact of the initial application is not yet known. |
| AASB 2021 2: Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure of Accounting Policies and Definition of Accounting Estimates | | The amendment amends AASB 7, AASB 101, AASB 108, AASB 134 and AASB Practice Statement 2. These amendments arise from the issuance by the IASB of the following International Financial Reporting Standards: Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2) and Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments to IAS 8). | The impact of the initial application is not yet known. |

3 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

Those charged with governance make estimates and judgements during the preparation of these financial statements regarding assumptions about current and future events affecting transactions and balances.

These estimates and judgements are based on the best information available at the time of preparing the financial statements, however as additional information is known then the actual results may differ from the estimates.

The significant estimates and judgements made have been described below.

Key estimates - impairment of property, plant and equipment

The Company assesses impairment at the end of each reporting period by evaluating conditions specific to the Company that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are reassessed using value-in-use calculations which incorporate various key assumptions.

For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

3 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments (continued)

Key estimates - fair value of financial instruments

The Company has certain financial assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value. Where fair value has not able to be determined based on quoted price, a valuation model has been used. The inputs to these models are observable, where possible, however these techniques involve significant estimates and therefore fair value of the instruments could be affected by changes in these assumptions and inputs.

Key estimates - receivables

The receivables at reporting date have been reviewed to determine whether there is any objective evidence that any of the receivables are impaired. An impairment provision is included for any receivable where the entire balance is not considered collectible. The impairment provision is based on the best information at the reporting date.

Key estimates - liability for long service leave

The liability for long service leave has been estimated using present value techniques. This takes into account expected salary increases, attrition and future discount rates.

Key judgments - continued government funding

The Bureau receives significant financial assistance from the ACT Government through Visit Canberra. The ability of the Bureau to maintain its current level of operations is dependent upon the continued financial support from the ACT Government. In October 2020, ACT Labour by way of election commitment and public acknowledgement informed the Bureau that the ACT Government funding of \$5,300,000 has been guaranteed to 30 June 2025 with top up base funding of \$25,000 per annum. Therefore, at the date of this report, the Board has no reason to believe support from the ACT Government will not continue

4 Revenue and Other Income

| | 2022 \$ | 2021 \$ |
|---|------------|------------|
| Revenue from contracts with customers (AASB 15) | | |
| - Co-operative Advertising and Promotions | 95,902 | 56,209 |
| - Membership Fees and Activities | 243,151 | 135,660 |
| - ACT Government Allocation | 1,325,000 | 1,275,000 |
| - Export Marketing Development Grant | - | 13,297 |
| - ACT business event fund grant | 60,000 | - |
| - ANU Shared Funding | - | 25,000 |
| | 1,724,053 | 1,505,166 |
| Revenue recognised on receipt (not enforceable or no sufficiently specific performance obligations - AASB 1058) | | |
| - COVID-19 government assistance | - | 260,800 |
| - Other income | 49,073 | 124,572 |
| - Interest received | 607 | 2,592 |
| | 49,680 | 387,964 |
| Total Revenue and other income | 1,773,733 | 1,893,130 |

5

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

4 Revenue and Other Income (continued)

| (a) | Government grants and other assistance | | | |
|--------|---|-------|-----------|-------------|
| | | | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | | \$ | \$ |
| | ACT Government | | | |
| | ACT Government Allocation | | 1,325,000 | 1,275,000 |
| | ACT business event fund grant | | 60,000 | - |
| | | _ | <u> </u> | 4.075.000 |
| | Others | | 1,385,000 | 1,275,000 |
| | COVID-19 government assistance | | | 000 000 |
| | ANU Shared Funding | | ₩ | 260,800 |
| | Export Marketing Development Grant | | - | 25,000 |
| | | _ | - | 13,297 |
| | | | - | 299,097 |
| | Total government grants and other assistance | _ | 1,385,000 | 1,574,097 |
| | t for the Year | | | |
| The re | sult for the year includes the following specific expenses: | | | |
| | | | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | Note | \$ | \$ |
| | oyee benefits expense | | | |
| | es & wages | | 885,238 | 964,460 |
| | annuation contributions | | 87,954 | 85,433 |
| | ciation expenses | | | |
| | ciation expense - plant & equipment | 9(a) | 29,152 | 37,137 |
| | ciation expense - right-of-use assets | 11(c) | 65,601 | 63,732 |
| | otion, members and marketing activities | | | |
| Trade | | | 76,207 | 35,891 |
| | riptions/memberships | | 23,804 | 22,235 |
| ACID | usiness event fund grant | | 60,000 | - |
| Cash a | and Cash Equivalents | | | |
| | | • | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | Note | \$ | \$ |
| Cash a | at bank and in hand | | 997,014 | 847,686 |
| | | 45 | | |

847,686

15 ____997,014

For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

| 7 | Trade and Other Receivables | | | |
|---|---|----------|-----------|----------|
| | | | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | Note | \$ | \$ |
| | CURRENT | | | |
| | Trade receivables | _ | • | 6,130 |
| | Total current trade and other receivables | 15 == | <u> </u> | 6,130 |
| 8 | Other Financial Assets | | | |
| | | | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | Note | \$ | \$ |
| | CURRENT | | | |
| | Term deposit | | 350,000 | 147,902 |
| | | 15 | 350,000 | 147,902 |
| 9 | Plant and equipment | | | |
| | | | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | | \$ | \$ |
| | PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | | | |
| | Plant and equipment | | | |
| | At cost | | 119,598 | 119,021 |
| | Accumulated depreciation | | (118,517) | (90,015) |
| | Total plant and equipment | _ | 1,081 | 29,006 |
| | Furniture, fixtures and fittings | | | |
| | At cost | | 24,910 | 24,370 |
| | Accumulated depreciation | | (21,636) | (20,986) |
| | Total furniture, fixtures and fittings | | 3,274 | 3,384 |
| | Total plant and equipment | | 4,355 | 32,390 |

For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

9 Plant and equipment (continued)

(a) Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

| | Plant and Equipment | Furniture, Fixtures and Fittings | Total |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|--|----------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Year ended 30 June 2022 | | | |
| Balance at the beginning of year | 29,006 | 3,384 | 32,390 |
| Additions | 577 | 540 | 1,117 |
| Depreciation expense | (28,502) | (650) | (29,152) |
| Balance at the end of the year | 1,081 | 3,274 | 4,355 |

10 Other assets

| | 2022 \$ | 2021 \$ |
|-------------|-------------------|------------|
| CURRENT | | |
| Prepayments | 57,945 | 59,099 |
| | 57,945 | 59.099 |

11 Leases

(a) Right-of-use assets

| | Office | | |
|------------------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| | Buildings | Equipment | Total |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Year ended 30 June 2022 | | | |
| Balance at beginning of year | 72,797 | 14,678 | 87,475 |
| Depreciation charge | (62,398) | (3,203) | (65,601) |
| Balance at end of year | 10,399 | 11,475 | 21,874 |

| | Office | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|---------|----------|
| | Buildings Equip | | Total |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Year ended 30 June 2021 | | | |
| Balance at beginning of year | 135,195 | - | 135,195 |
| Additions to right-of-use assets | - | 16,012 | 16,012 |
| Depreciation charge | (62,398) | (1,334) | (63,732) |
| Balance at end of year | 72,797 | 14,678 | 87,475 |

For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

11 Leases (continued)

(b) Lease liabilities

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities based on contractual cash flows is shown in the table below:

| | < 1 year \$ | 1 - 5 years \$ | included in this Statement Of Financial Position |
|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|--|
| 2022 | | | |
| Lease liabilities | 15,425 | 8,551 | 23,976 |
| 2021 | | | , |
| Lease liabilities | 71,002 | 23,976 | 94,978 |

The current office premise lease expires on 31 August 2022, the Management is in the process of signing a new lease for a 5-year term to September 2027.

(c) Income Statement

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

The amounts recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income relating to interest expense on lease liabilities and short-term leases or leases of low value assets are shown below:

| | | expense on lease liabilities and short-term leases or leases | of low value assets a | re shown below: | ū |
|----|------|--|-----------------------|-----------------|----------|
| | | | | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | | | \$ | \$ |
| | | Depreciation expense - right-of-use assets | | 65,601 | 63,732 |
| | | Interest on lease liabilities | _ | 4,893 | 11,041 |
| | | | _ | 70,494 | 74,773 |
| | (d) | Statement of Cash Flows | | | |
| | | | | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | | | \$ | \$ |
| | | Total cash outflow for leases | | (71,002) | (62,845) |
| 12 | Trad | e and Other Payables | | | |
| | | | | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | | Note | \$ | \$ |
| | | RENT | | | |
| | | e payables | 15 | 35,609 | 20,758 |
| | | payable | | 32,937 | 27,120 |
| | | erannuation payable | | 4,723 | 4,048 |
| | Othe | r payables | | 20,665 | 23,821 |
| | | | | 93,934 | 75,747 |

For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

12 Trade and Other Payables (continued)

Trade and other payables are unsecured, non-interest bearing and are normally settled within 30 days. The carrying value of trade and other payables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value due to the short-term nature of the balances.

| CURRENT | 13 | Other Financial Liabilities | | | |
|---|----|------------------------------|------|--------------|---------------------------------------|
| CURRENT | | | | 2022 | 2021 |
| Amounts received in advance 161,675 13,869 Total 161,675 13,869 14 Employee Benefits CURRENT 2022 2021 Long service leave 48,774 11,878 Present value of obligations 70,522 53,241 Present value of obligations 119,296 65,119 2022 2021 2022 2021 NON-CURRENT 9,302 24,234 Long service leave 9,302 24,234 15 Financial Risk Management 2022 2021 Keld at amortised cost 8 \$ Cash and cash equivalents 6 997,014 847,686 Trade and other receivables 7 6,130 147,902 Total financial assets 1,347,014 1,001,718 Financial liabilities 1 3,35,609 20,758 | | | | \$ | \$ |
| Total 161,675 13,869 13,869 141,675 13,869 141,675 13,869 141,675 13,869 141,675 13,869 141,675 13,869 141,675 13,869 141,675 13,869 141,675 13,869 141,675 13,869 141,675 13,869 141,675 13,869 141,675 13,869 141,675 | | | | | |
| 14 Employee Benefits 2022 2021 \$ \$ CURRENT 48,774 11,878 Present value of obligations 70,522 53,241 Present value of obligations 119,296 65,119 2022 2021 \$ NON-CURRENT 9,302 24,234 Long service leave 9,302 24,234 15 Financial Risk Management 2022 2021 Note \$ Financial assets Held at amortised cost Cash and cash equivalents 6 997,014 847,686 Trade and other receivables 7 - 6,130 Term deposit 8 350,000 147,902 Total financial assets 1,347,014 1,001,718 Financial liabilities Financial liabilities Financial liabilities Financial liabilities Financial liabilities 1,347,014 1,001,718 | | Amounts received in advance | _ | 161,675 | 13,869 |
| CURRENT | | Total | = | 161,675 | 13,869 |
| CURRENT Long service leave 48,774 11,878 Present value of obligations 70,522 53,241 119,296 65,119 2022 2021 \$ \$ \$ NON-CURRENT Long service leave 9,302 24,234 15 Financial Risk Management 2022 2021 Note \$ \$ Financial assets Held at amortised cost 6 997,014 847,686 Trade and other receivables 7 - 6,130 Term deposit 8 350,000 147,902 Total financial assets Financial liabilities Financial liabilities Financial liabilities 1,347,014 1,001,718 Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value Trade payables 12 35,609 20,758 | 14 | Employee Benefits | | | |
| CURRENT 48,774 11,878 Present value of obligations 70,522 53,241 NON-CURRENT Long service leave 9,302 24,234 15 Financial Risk Management 2022 2021 Held at amortised cost Cash and cash equivalents 6 997,014 847,686 Cash and cash equivalents 6 997,014 847,686 Trade and other receivables 7 - 6,130 Term deposit 8 350,000 147,902 Total financial assets 1,347,014 1,001,718 Financial liabilities Financial liabilities Financial liabilities Financial liabilities 7 35,609 20,758 | | | | 2022 | 2021 |
| Long service leave 48,774 11,878 70,522 53,241 11,878 70,522 53,241 11,878 11,828 11,828 11,828 12,822 12,828 | | | | \$ | \$ |
| Present value of obligations 70,522 53,241 119,296 65,119 2022 2021 \$ NON-CURRENT Long service leave 9,302 24,234 15 Financial Risk Management 2022 2021 Note \$ \$ Financial assets Held at amortised cost 6 997,014 847,686 Trade and other receivables 7 - 6,130 Term deposit 8 350,000 147,902 Total financial assets 1,347,014 1,001,718 Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value 1,347,014 1,001,718 Financial liabilities at fair value 1 35,609 20,758 | | CURRENT | | | |
| 119,296 65,119 2022 2021 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ | | | | 48,774 | 11,878 |
| NON-CURRENT Service leave | | Present value of obligations | _ | 70,522 | 53,241 |
| NON-CURRENT Service leave | | | _ | 119,296 | 65,119 |
| NON-CURRENT Long service leave 9,302 24,234 15 Financial Risk Management 2022 2021 Note \$ Financial assets Held at amortised cost Cash and cash equivalents 6 997,014 847,686 Trade and other receivables 7 - 6,130 Term deposit 8 350,000 147,902 Total financial assets 1,347,014 1,001,718 Financial liabilities Financial liabilities Financial liabilities Financial liabilities 12 35,609 20,758 | | | _ | 2022 | 2021 |
| Long service leave 9,302 24,234 15 Financial Risk Management 2022 2021 Note \$ \$ Financial assets Held at amortised cost Cash and cash equivalents 6 997,014 847,686 Trade and other receivables 7 - 6,130 Term deposit 8 350,000 147,902 Total financial assets 1,347,014 1,001,718 Financial liabilities Financial | | | | \$ | \$ |
| 15 Financial Risk Management 2022 2021 Note \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ | | NON-CURRENT | | | |
| 15 Financial Risk Management 2022 2021 Note \$ \$ \$ | | Long service leave | _ | 9,302 | 24,234 |
| 2022 2021 Note \$ \$ Financial assets Held at amortised cost Cash and cash equivalents 6 997,014 847,686 Trade and other receivables 7 - 6,130 Term deposit 8 350,000 147,902 Total financial assets 1,347,014 1,001,718 Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value Trade payables 12 35,609 20,758 Tatal financial liabilities | | | = | 9,302 | 24,234 |
| Note \$ \$ | 15 | Financial Risk Management | | | |
| Financial assets Held at amortised cost Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Term deposit Total financial assets Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value Trade payables Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value Trade payables Financial liabilities Tatal financial liabilities Tatal financial liabilities | | | | 2022 | 2021 |
| Held at amortised cost 6 997,014 847,686 Cash and cash equivalents 6 997,014 847,686 Trade and other receivables 7 - 6,130 Term deposit 8 350,000 147,902 Total financial assets 1,347,014 1,001,718 Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value Trade payables 12 35,609 20,758 | | | Note | \$ | \$ |
| Trade and other receivables 7 - 6,130 Term deposit 8 350,000 147,902 Total financial assets 1,347,014 1,001,718 Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value Trade payables 12 35,609 20,758 | | | | | |
| Trade and other receivables 7 - 6,130 Term deposit 8 350,000 147,902 Total financial assets 1,347,014 1,001,718 Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value Trade payables 12 35,609 20,758 | | Cash and cash equivalents | 6 | 997.014 | 847 686 |
| Term deposit 8 350,000 147,902 Total financial assets 1,347,014 1,001,718 Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value Trade payables 12 35,609 20,758 | | Trade and other receivables | | , | · |
| Total financial assets Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value Trade payables 1,347,014 1,001,718 1,001,718 1,001,718 1,001,718 1,001,718 | | Term deposit | | - 350.000 | |
| Financial liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value Trade payables 12 35,609 20,758 | | Total financial assets | _ | " | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Trade payables 12 35,609 20,758 | | | _ | | 1,001,110 |
| Tabel (in an all 18 - 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 | | | | | |
| Total financial liabilities 35,609 20,758 | | Trade payables | 12 | 35,609 | 20,758 |
| | | Total financial liabilities | _ | 35,609 | 20,758 |

ABN: 76 916 480 704

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

16 Members' Guarantee

The Company is registered with the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* and is a Company limited by guarantee. If the Company is wound up, the constitution states that each member is required to contribute a maximum of \$ - each towards meeting any outstanding obligations of the Company. At 30 June 2022 the number of members was - (2021: -).

17 Key Management Personnel Disclosures

The remuneration paid to key management personnel of the Company is \$621,405 (2021: \$548,659).

18 Auditors' Remuneration

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Remuneration of the auditor, for: | | |
| - auditing or reviewing the | | |
| financial statements | 6,300 | 6,000 |
| Total | 6,300 | 6,000 |

19 Contingencies

In the opinion of those charged with governance, the Company did not have any contingencies at 30 June 2022 (30 June 2021:None).

20 Related Parties

Key management personnel - refer to Note 17.

Other related parties include close family members of key management personnel and entities that are controlled or significantly influenced by those key management personnel or their close family members.

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

There are no related party transactios during the year.

21 Events after the end of the Reporting Period

The financial report was authorised for issue on

by those charged with governance.

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

ABN: 76 916 480 704

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2022

22 Statutory Information

The registered office and principal place of business of the company is:

Canberra Convention Bureau Incorporated Unit 8, 3-5 Phipps Close Deakin ACT 2600

ABN: 76 916 480 704

Responsible Persons' Declaration

The responsible persons declare that in the responsible persons' opinion:

- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the registered entity is able to pay all of its debts, as and when they become due and payable; and
- the financial statements and notes satisfy the requirements of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012.

Signed in accordance with subsection 60.15(2) of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profit Commission Regulation 2013.

Responsible person Responsible person

Dated 26 000BER 2022



6 Phipps Close Deakin ACT 2600 PO Box 322 Curtin ACT 2605

> T 02 6282 5999 E info@hardwickes.com.au

www.hardwickes.com.au

Hardwickes ABN 35 973 938 183

Hardwickes Partners Pty Ltd ABN 21 008 401 536

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation

Canberra Convention Bureau Incorporated

Independent Audit Report to the members of Canberra Convention Bureau Incorporated

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Canberra Convention Bureau Incorporated, which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the responsible persons' declaration.

In our opinion the financial report of Canberra Convention Bureau Incorporated has been prepared in accordance with Division 60 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Registered Entity's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its financial performance for the year ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosures and Division 60 of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Registered Entity in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012* (ACNC Act) and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Responsible Entities for the Financial Report

The responsible persons of the Registered Entity are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures and the ACNC Act, and for such internal control as the responsible entities determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the responsible persons are responsible for assessing the Registered Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the responsible entities either intends to liquidate the Registered Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Registered Entity's financial reporting process.





6 Phipps Close Deakin ACT 2600 PO Box 322 Curtin ACT 2605

> T 02 6282 5999 E info@hardwickes.com.au

www.hardwickes.com.au

Hardwickes ABN 35 973 938 183

Hardwickes Partners Pty Ltd ABN 21 008 401 536

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation

Canberra Convention Bureau Incorporated

Independent Audit Report to the members of Canberra Convention Bureau Incorporated

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

Hardwickes

Chartered Accountants

Bhaumik Bumia CA

Partner

Canberra

26 OCTOBER 2022

